

THE CHURCH OF SAINT MARY THE VIRGIN

New York City

CLERGY

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My dear people,

The saints and faithful departed whom we commemorate with special joy and prayer at the beginning of November lived and died in the hope of the resurrection. We believe in it, and in hope of it we try to live so that, after death, we may for ever live in Christ. He calls us to believe in him — in his promise that "because I live, ye shall live also." And while we live this life, in his holy Church, he calls us to believe another word of his, that "against it the gates of hell shall not prevail."

It has been difficult to believe that promise to the Church in these days just past. We have seen our portion of it seem to pay attention more to the world and its pressures than to Christ and his demands. Our portion of the Church — indeed, the Catholic Church beyond our communion as well — seems to suffer from that malady which the Germans call Zeitgeist. And having caught the spirit of the times, can we have the mind of Christ?

Our friend, Dr Terwilliger, now Bishop Suffragan of Dallas, brought us sure balm and wise medicine when he came to preach to us on our feast of the Dedication of the Church. I am able this soon to print his sermon because it was taped, the tape was transcribed by our parishioner, Reed Ide, and the text was revised in detail by Bishop Terwilliger himself and is printed as a manifesto to the whole Church. I am grateful to have it for you — for you who heard it and want now to read it, and for you who did not hear it and will find it, as all who heard it did find it, a clear call to our new vocation. Ponder it. Ask not how you have been failed but how we have failed. And ask, as we are even now meeting to ask and determine, how we can stand for our beliefs, repent for our falling short of God's glory, and serve the whole Church.

We will not run away. There is nowhere to go — enough to go to confession and communion as always. And always at Saint Mary's you can be sure that the Apostolic Faith and Order will be upheld as God gives us strength.

Parish founded 1868

Church built 1894

It is true that the decision of the General Convention of the Episcopal Church to authorize ordination of women to the priesthood and episcopate leaves me feeling that the Church I chose has let me down. I feel it is less Catholic — certainly I cannot hold my head so high — a good jolt for me? The blow is particularly ironic because, just at the same time, Convention has authorized a Prayer Book in which I had a hand and find so much that we prize. The irony is that when we get the Mass the way we want it, the priesthood essential to it is put into jeopardy. Not altogether — priesthood here is not lost, sacraments here are valid — and you can depend on that at Saint Mary's.

The fragmentation of the Church is the tragedy of it all. The defensive attitude is what we have tried to get over and avoid. As it happens, as I write this, I am waiting to entertain bishops and priests in my rectory whom I like and from many of whom, by this issue, I am divided. They belong to a club of which, this year, I happen to be president. I like their fellowship and value their friendship — and shall continue to. But if I am asked to depart in any way from the sacramental principles of the priesthood which I believe to be Catholic, I shall have to say no — and there will be that internal schism of which Dr Terwilliger speaks. And it will be sad.

But I remember how a bishop began a sermon I heard years ago. "Only God," he said, "is *truly* Catholic. The rest of us *try* to be Catholic." We shall try. We shall try to be true. We shall fail in many ways. God will never fail nor ever forget his Son's promises of life and victory.

Affectionately Your Priest, DONALD L. GARFIELD

"HARVEST HOME" A PARISH BRUNCH will be served in the parish hall after High Mass on Sunday, November 14. Turkey is the main course. Tickets are \$3.50.

Reservations through the parish office are appreciated.

Come, ye thankful people, come, Raise the song of harvest home!

THE BEGINNING OF A NEW VOCATION

The Right Reverend Robert E. Terwilliger, Ph.D., D.D. Bishop Suffragan of Dallas

WORDS OF JESUS to his disciples in the twelfth chapter of the Gospel according to St Luke: "Fear not, little flock; for it is the Father's good pleasure to give you the kingdom."

Jesus was always saying things like this. He said them because he was a faithful Jew; because he had received the Word of God in the Old Testament; because, therefore, he knew the doctrine of the remnant — that is, God's way of working — not through the multitude; not through majorities; not, as we would say, through good ratings. He works through the few rather than the many. Even within his own people he works through some, not all. And once and for all, he worked through One. Because in Jesus himself, the remnant was reduced to One: One crucified, One dead, One buried, but One risen. And when he rose from the dead, again he said one of those things.

It was in a room where the disciples were gathered for fear. Jesus came and he identified himself, not only by his beautiful face or the look in his eyes, but by his wound-prints. And he breathed on them and said, "Receive the Holy Spirit. As my Father has sent me, even so send I you." That time there were eleven. That was the foundation of the apostolic ministry.

We've come together today to celebrate the feast of the dedication of this church, a church which knows something of what it means to be part of the remnant, the Catholic remnant within the Church of God. It has a long and a glorious memory. For this has been a place which did not stand through a century with a tremendous and a great following. But it stood fast. It stood beautiful. It stood joyful for the reality of supernatural religion. And in this place, time and time again, there has been a deep sense of being almost alone. Yet this place has not only survived, it has become a radiating center of the glory of God, and of the reality and invincibility of the apostolic ministry and the sacramental religion which flows from it. Therefore this is a good place to be today.

I am here today because I received an invitation from the Rector, very shortly after I was elected bishop and before I was consecrated, to come and to preach on this morning and to say something — I hope from the Lord — about whatever might have happened in another place: in the General Convention in Minneapolis.

And so, I am here. I am here to say what I have to say under this text which I gave to you, the words of Jesus: "Fear not . . ." Why do I say that? I say it because of a deep and tremendous conviction, not in spite of what we went through but because of what we went through. For, as you know, on the 16th day of September the General Convention authorized the ordination of women to the episcopate and the priesthood. This is an action which is contrary to our conviction about the nature of God's covenant with his people in the matter of the apostolate. Yet it was authorized. Many of us were filled with a tremendous sense of astonishment and shock.

When I went to the convention, it seemed to me that my work would be primarily political, uncongenial though that is to my very being. I found, though some burden of responsibility was laid upon me in that fashion, that the great work which was necessary for me to do was pastoral — not political but pastoral: to deal with the grief; to deal with the sense of hopelessness; to deal with the sense of depression which seemed to settle over so many of those who call themselves Catholic Christians. The question came time and time again: Where can we go? The answer is clear: Nowhere! To this Church we are sent; in this Church we shall abide. I said before the convention, I say it now again to you: I am not threatening to leave, I am threatening to stay! Because there is a deep and tremendous sense which I would communicate to you this day, that on the 17th day of September we received a new vocation from God: to be a powerful presence within the Church.

First of all, perhaps, it is important to say a word about why we have this tremendous sense that it is God's purpose that the episcopate and the priesthood should be male; not to argue this — for the time is short — but simply to affirm it once again. The source of that affirmation is this: that there is One High Priest, One only, One Priest alone, Jesus Christ. He has been sent to us not to be a great hieratic figure, now sublimely safe within the heavens. He has been sent to us to live among us, to suffer, to sweat an anguished sweat, a fearful sweat in the garden of Gethsemane, to die in dereliction in an atrocious way, to be buried, and to rise again to be our Priest. This is not simply the act of a man of tremendous religious genius and beautiful person — not simply the act of a man of sublime goodness and self-sacrifice and freedom. It is the act of One who is sent. This is the Incarnation — the Enfleshment. He is the God-man, and the form of his flesh is male. This is one of the given realities in our faith. We cannot revise Jesus Christ to fit a current ideology — to fit our own peculiar needs. This is given. Part of supernatural faith is the awareness that God is the giver of what we receive in revelation, and that this revelation persists in Christ's own choice of his apostles — that this persists in unbroken tradition for 2000 years. Especially in these days when we are acutely aware of the Holy Spirit, we must read this history as an expression of the mind and the work of the Spirit, persistent even in the most extraordinarily different sexual and cultural situations. Here is one of the given phenomena of the life of the Holy Spirit within the Church of God. This we have received. This is part of the Christian faith and the Christian tradition as this Church has received it.

We have now unilaterally undertaken to revise this God-given, Spirit-expressed reality. We have revised it by less than a two-thirds vote in the House of Bishops and a bare majority in the House of Deputies. And this, let it be said, is a very strange way to make Christian doctrine. Because it is so strange — because it is quite contrary to the Anglican way — because it is indeed contrary to the way we are sworn as deacons, priests, and bishops to observe, there have been some of us who are bishops in this Church who have made public proclamation of the fact that this cannot be our way. I am sure that you are aware that at the time of this action in the House of Bishops there was a declaration made publicly, openly, no matter what the vote, by thirty-five men whose signatures still stand upon this document which I read to you:

We stand committed to the Episcopal Church, and we are determined to live and work within it. We cannot accept with a good conscience the action of this House. We believe that to do so would violate our ordination vows to be faithful to and to defend the Word of God in Holy Scripture.

Furthermore, we cannot acknowledge the authority of this General Convention to decide unilaterally and in the face of the expressed disapproval of our Roman, Old Catholic, and Orthodox brethren, a question which ought to be decided by an ecumenical consensus.

The ordination and consecration of women priests and bishops will raise for us the gravest questions, that is, how far this Church can accept such ministrations without fatally compromising its position as a Catholic and Apostolic body. We ask our brothers in this House to take to heart our resolution. We ask the whole Church to take note of our unshaken loyalty to the Episcopal Church, its teachings, its spirituality, its priesthood, and its sacraments.

The situation is now that we have an internal schism within the Church. It is not a break in sacramental fellowship based on anger, or on any kind of punitive desire to exercise power over others. It is based on a very simple thing and a very awful thing, and that is our inability to believe that any ordination of women to the priestly orders could have the assurance of sacramental efficacy. That is to say that any absolution, any consecration, any blessing, are at least in question. There are some of us who would go so far as to say that this priesthood is no priesthood, and that this Eucharist would be no Eucharist. This has to be said in sadness. It is not something which has been said first by Anglicans. It has been said by a continually growing body of Churchmen within the Church in Sweden, which also has apostolic order and which began ordaining women to the priesthood in 1958. And therefore within that Church there are - as there shall be within ours - two streams of sacramental life flowing within a particular part of the holy river of God.

Why did it happen? This may seem to be a moment for blame. That would be pernicious. I think there are powers which have been at work within the Church which we have not been able to discern — which we have not perhaps identified until we came to this point of disaster. The chief thing is this: we have forgotten the injunction of the Apostle not to be conformed to this world but to be transformed by the renewing of our mind in the mind of Christ. What has happened is that we have, almost without noticing it. appropriated a secular world view, in this case a secular view of sexuality, a secular view of the nature of ministry as profession. This comes from a secularization of our perspective on life, human behavior, and the Church. We have conformed the Church to the world. There is another fact: for a long time we have not exercised protoundly and deeply our awareness of Holy Scripture - of that scriptural Catholicism which is Anglicanism. Too often, when we tried to identify what is Catholic, we had a way of looking at another body, at the Latin Church. Lately that Church has gone through a period of demoralization, manifested dramatically in recent days by

large groups of nuns in a crisis of identity who, having lost their first, seek another identity in the identity of priesthood. Is this the voice of Catholicism or is it the voice of demoralization? For a long time, we thought well of Roman Catholics who would speak well of us. We felt that the future of the Church — of the Latin Church — would surely be found in such voices as that of Hans Küng. There is a simple fact, my brothers and sisters, and that is that he's not going to be the next Pope. But radical Romanism disastrously fired our imagination. It burned in our minds as the true renewal of Catholicism — which it is not. We shall be renewed only when we return to the Source.

What then? Not, where shall we go? but, what shall we do? What is this new vocation that has descended upon us? Because I do have a word from the Lord for you this morning. I say that word with total assurance: we have a new vocation. In the strange providence of God, yes, in the strange humor of God, this action is the divinely given shock which is to stimulate us into new life and into Catholic revival once again, and to make us a vivid and a powerful presence within the whole Church of God. This is the inner meaning of this event. I met a marvelous, aged, peaceful monk who said first, "What can I do?" And then he said to me, "The Lord knows what he's doing." This seems to escape the attention of some.

And so, what is it that we do? We must repent- not blame, repent. I say this with deep conviction. A year ago in Eastertide I sat in the study of Michael Ramsey, the great friend of this parish, the former Archbishop of Canterbury and the perpetual patriarch of the Anglican Communion. I said to him, "What would you say is the present state of the Catholic movement in the Church of England?" He flapped his eyebrows, and he said, "I don't know that there is any." It was a statement of fact — true a year ago Easter. not true now. Why true? Because in so many ways, as in the awful prophecy to the Church in Philadelphia in the Revelation of St John the Divine, we had lost our first love. So much which we consider Catholicism was basically aestheticism. So much which we consider Catholicism was increasingly a form of legalism. So much which we consider Catholicism was a form of escape - perhaps even romantic escape, nostalgic escape, which gave us a wonderful hour or so apart, in which we could leave the pressures of the world and the pressures even of our Church and be at ease in Zion. We forgot sometimes that there is a deep, profound intellectual demand in Catholicism. We equally forgot that there is such a thing as Catholic morality — that there is indeed an ethical demand. One of the problems about our witness is that some people have become so compromised that they cannot speak and cannot be heard when they do. We have forgotten confession. We have forgotten our need continually to *return*.

And therefore it is the first work of our revival not to have rallies but to have retreats — to enter once again into the redeeming and cleansing and empowering and liberating presence of Christ, that he may restore his image within us; so that when we look at the world, the world can see him, not us; see him, and know the Catholic Christ. We need to meet not to plot but to pray. I think one of the most important things that we must perceive at this moment is our tremendous need to enter deeply into the sanctuary of God and the sanctuary of our own souls. The first action must not be some sort of deep, tremendous expression of our own depression and our own hostility. It must be an action of divine grace in which we receive the Word, the sacraments, and the tremendous assurance of the living presence of the living Lord. I could envision the birth almost immediately of gatherings within our Church which will have a distinct identity and a new purpose: to manifest the attractiveness of the Catholic Christ.

I say this not because I guess but because I've seen it. Last summer I spent a glorious several days in Vadesta, in Sweden, where the Society of St Birgitta was meeting for its annual chapter. This is one of the Catholic societies of the Swedish Church. I met a marvelous company of people --- young people, male as well as female --- who were gathered there to pray - to live the religious life together. They wore a kind of habit. They had made pilgrimage to this ancient holy place. And I have never seen such Catholic fervor, not even in this Church of St Mary the Virgin. They were filled with joy. And I remember, as I left, something I shall never forget: a powerful old Nordic folk-tune hymn about heaven. As we started to leave after the last Eucharist, suddenly somebody took it up. Someone went to the organ and played it with a beat which was terrific. It made the whole monastery vibrate with a rhythm that I shall never fail to feel. They turned to the rood and they sang. And they wept. And I wept. And the Christ was there. This kind of thing can happen once again. It may be that we require God's severe shock to our complacency that we should again find God in our Catholicism.

One other thing: we must remember. We have come here today to do something in recalling, in Eucharist, in remembrance of Christ. Remember, that remembrance is remembrance not only of Christ in the Upper Room but of Christ in the centuries; and Christ yesterday, today, and forever; and Christ as he has shown himself within our tradition — Christ within that part of our tradition which is ours not only to preserve but to give. Since when have Catholic Anglicans ever thrived when it was popular to be Catholic? Do we not forget our own history? Should we not remember the work of God among us? We barely squeaked through the Reformation with a Catholic Church. It then remained for the Catholicism to be found and to be affirmed, as indeed it was in the 17th century, only to be put down by Cromwell. We had anomalies then: hosts of non-episcopally ordained ministers functioning in our Church - even after the Restoration. Maybe you didn't know it. Remember, there are some forms of ministry that become a footnote. During the Puritan days, the Church lived in exile in France. When, finally, episcopacy was restored, there were a few Right Reverend old gentlemen who were brought forth to continue the succession. And yet we look to that century of persecution and trial, that century of the remnant, as one of the glorious parts of our tradition. And we revere the 17th century divines as the fathers of Anglicanism.

In the 19th century this happened once again. That century brought forth the Oxford Movement. During its first years — 1833-1845 — there was a splendid kind of Athenian purity — a Catholic intellectual renaissance in the University. There were Newman, Pusey, Keble, and the rest — names we revere. Then came the disaster — 1845 — Newman went to Rome and took his disciples with him. Suddenly, the movement felt it was shepherdless. It was depressed. It seemed like the end. Dean Church of St Paul's Cathedral, London, wrote about it, and I brought along a copy of his book — newly published in paperback — and I would read you a word with which he closes his work:

All the world knows that [the movement] was not, in fact, killed or even much arrested by the shock of 1845. But after 1845, its field was at least as much out of Oxford as in it. As long as Mr. Newman remained, Oxford was necessarily its centre, necessarily, even after he had seemed to withdraw from it. [But] it ceased to be strongly and prominently Academical, [and] the cause which Mr. Newman had given up in despair was found to be deeply interesting in ever new parts of the country: and it passed gradually into the hands of new leaders . . . Those times [the Anglo-Catholic times] are almost more important than the history of the movement; for besides vindicating it, they carried on its work to achievements and successes which, even in the most sanguine days of "Tractarianism", had not presented themselves to men's minds, much less to their hopes. But that story must be told by others.

We have not come to the end. We have come to the beginning. We have come to the beginning of a new vocation and a new power of the Catholic movement within Anglicanism. It is for us to manifest, not simply among ourselves but for the whole Church, what is the true nature not only of the ministry but of the faith. We are being watched as never before we have been watched. It may be our vocation to act out within our history, in the midst of grievous pain, this curious new experiment, so that God may prove that it is not his will and that it will not work. It may be our curious place in the total life of Catholic Christendom to have the authority of our own tragedy from which to speak. But in the midst of this there must glow the transfiguring fire of the living presence of Christ; so that we are, above all men, not those depressed, downhearted, unbelieving, faithless, and fleeing, but, rather, those who live within this body with a radiance and joy because we know something! And that is that our Lord Jesus Christ is risen from the dead. He says to us. as he said to that first Church in a persecution far worse than anything we can imagine happening psychologically to us, "I am he who lives and was dead, and, behold, I am alive forevermore, and have the keys of hell and death."

The last words I would leave with you today are these: First, the words of Jesus: "Fear not, little flock, for it is the Father's good pleasure to give you the kingdom." And then the words of the old Introit for Easter Day, sung so many years within this place: "I am risen, and am still with thee. Alleluia. Alleluia."

> Extra copies of this AVE are available for 25¢ apiece. R. W. Church, The Oxford Movement, available in paperback from our shop for \$3.25 (mailing 25¢).

SERVICES

SUNDAYS

Morning Prayer 7:10 a.m. Mass 7:30, 9:00, and 10:00 a.m. High Mass with Sermon 11:00 a.m. Mass 5:00 p.m. Evensong and Benediction 6:00 p.m.

WEEKDAYS

Morning Prayer*					7:10 a.m.
Mass daily .	7:30	a.m.	* and	12:10 and	d 6:15 p.m.
Evening Prayer					6:00 p.m.

*Except Saturday

Other services during the week and on festivals as announced on the preceding Sunday.

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CONFESSIONS

DAILY, 12:40-1 p.m., *also* FRIDAY, 5-6 p.m. SATURDAY, 2-3 and 5-6 p.m. SUNDAY, 8:40-9 a.m.

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CONTRIBUTIONS to the cost of AVE are gratefully acknowledged: Anon., \$20; The Rev'd John Andrew, \$100; Robert M. Andrews, \$5; Stephen V. Burger, \$25; Mrs Francis W. Callahan, \$5; Lorenzo C. Handy, \$5; Lee M. Hutchens, \$5; Audean Johnson, \$5; Priyta Lakini, \$5; George W. Perkins, \$5; Christine Ann Reusswig, \$5; Chaplain (Major) Bruce M. Williams, USA, \$20.

Annual contributions of five dollars or more are asked from those who do not make other contributions to the parish and wish to receive AVE. Please notify us promptly of change of address.

CHURCH SCHOOL

CHILDREN attend 9 o'clock Mass on Sunday and receive instruction afterwards in the Mission House. For ADULTS there is discussion at 10 o'clock in Saint Joseph's Hall.

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SAINT VINCENT'S GUILD

ACOLYTES of the parish. Men and boys who wish to serve at the altar should speak to the clergy.

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SAINT RAPHAEL'S GUILD

USHERS at services of the parish. Men who can help should speak to the clergy.

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SAINT MARTIN'S GUILD

TOURS of the church are conducted after Sunday High Mass. Those who would undertake this mission of welcome should speak to the clergy.

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SAINT MARY'S GUILD

SACRED VESTMENTS AND VESSELS are cared for by women working on Wednesdays and Saturdays. Those who can sew, wash and iron, and polish should speak to the clergy.

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DEVOTIONAL SOCIETIES

SAINT MARY'S WARDS of the Confraternity of the Blessed Sacrament, the Guild of All Souls, and the Society of Mary are open to all communicants.

PARISH LIBRARY

BOOKS MAY BE BORROWED from the William Edward Jones Memorial Library of theology, apologetics, ecclesiastical history, religious biography, and the devotional life. The library is open on Sundays after High Mass.

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SAINT FRANCIS DE SALES SHOP

BOOKS MAY BE BOUGHT at the shop next to the parish hall after Sunday High Mass. There are also crucifixes, rosaries, medals, and other aids to devotion.

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SAINT MARY'S PUBLICATIONS

A Tribute to Saint Mary's, Dr. Macquarrie's articles on Benediction, Stations, and Saint Mary's: 25¢

Music at Saint Mary's, James L. Palsgrove's historical review with music lists today: 50¢

Worship in Spirit and Truth, papers at the 1970 liturgical conference on Prayer Book proposals: \$2.95

Vêpres du Commun, Dupré's organ antiphons played at Saint Mary's by McNeil Robinson: stereophonic \$5.95 (mailing 50¢)

A Walk around Saint Mary's, self-guided tour of the church and chapels, with plan: $25 \notin$ (mailing $10 \notin$)

Order from the Saint Francis de Sales Shop

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SAINT MARY'S SPECIAL MUSIC FUND

CONTRIBUTIONS from individuals who want to support musical activities which lie beyond the essentials of liturgical worship are gratefully received through the parish office.

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REMEMBER SAINT MARY'S IN YOUR WILL

BEQUESTS may be made in the following form:

"I hereby give, devise, and bequeath to the Society of the Free Church of Saint Mary the Virgin, a corporation organized and existing under the Laws of the State of New York, and having its principal office at 145 West 46th Street, New York City, ... [here state the nature or amount of the gift]."

NOVEMBER

THE SAINTS AND FAITHFUL DEPARTED are remembered at every Mass, but we make special mention of them in November. We begin with All Saints' and All Souls' — celebrating our redemption while we do not forget that we face judgment. All Saints' — a holy-day for all to keep — falls this year on Monday, so that Sunday Evensong is First Evensong of the feast. Monday Mass of the feast is at 7:30 and 12:10, and, at 6, High Mass with Procession. Afterward there will be a reception in the parish hall. On Tuesday there is Requiem Mass of All Souls' at 7:30, 12:10, and 6 — the last of these solemn, with Absolution at the catafalque.

During November there are many Masses at which we commend to God those for whom we are bound to pray and those whose names you have given us. If you will sign and return a list, it will be read at the times indicated by the initial letter of *your* surname (*not* of names of the departed); or you may request a more convenient time. These are the intentions of Requiem Masses during November:

8.	M.		Priests, Trustees, & Benefactors of Saint Mary's	
9.	Tu.		A, B, C, D, E	
			All enrolled in the Chantry Book	
		6:15 p.m.	A, B, C, D, E	
12.	F.	7:30 a.m.	F, G, H, I, J, K	
		12:10 p.m.	All who have died for our country	
		6:15 p.m.	F, G, H, I, J, K	
13.	Sa.	12:10 p.m.	Saint Mary's Guild	
24.	W.	7:30 a.m.	L, M, N, O, P, Q, R	
		12:10 p.m.	All whose ashes repose in the church	
		6:15 a.m.	L, M, N, O, P, Q, R	
26.	F.	7:30 a.m.	S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z	
		12:10 p.m.	Friends of Saint Mary's	
		6:15 p.m.	S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z	
27.	Sa.	12:10 p.m.	Confraternity of the Blessed Sacrament	
			& Guild of All Souls	
29.	M.	7:30 a.m.	All departed in November	
		12:10 p.m.	All who have none to pray for them	
Note that your list is being read twice				

Note that your list is being read twice, to give you opportunity to be present.

CALENDAR FOR NOVEMBER

- 1. M. ALL SAINTS Evening Prayer 5:30 High Mass with Procession 6
- 2. Tu. ALL SOULS Evening Prayer 5:30 High Mass with Absolution 6
- 3. W. Richard Hooker, Priest, 1600
- 4. Th. St Charles Borromeo, Archbishop of Milan, 1584
- 5. F. St Elizabeth, Mother of St John Baptist
- 6. Sa. St Leonard, Abbot of Orleans, c. 559
- 7. Su. PENTECOST XXII
- 8. M. Commemoration of Priests, Trustees, & Benefactors of Saint Mary's
- 9. Tu. Requiem
- 10. W. St Leo the Great, Bishop of Rome, 461
- 11. Th. St Martin, Bishop of Tours, 397
- 12. F. Requiem
- 13. Sa. Requiem
- 14. Su. PENTECOST XXIII
- 15. M. St Albert the Great, Bishop of Ratisbon, 1280
- 16. Tu. St Margaret, Queen of Scotland, 1093
- 17. W. St Hugh, Bishop of Lincoln, 1200
- 18. Th. St Hilda, Abbess of Whitby, 680
- 19. F. St Elizabeth, Princess of Hungary, 1231
- 20. Sa. St Edmund, King of the East Angles & Martyr, 870
- 21. Su. CHRIST THE KING High Mass with Procession 11
- 22. M. St Cecilia, Martyr at Rome (2nd c.)
- 23. Tu. St Clement, Bishop of Rome, & Martyr, c. 100
- 24. W. Requiem
- 25. Th. THANKSGIVING DAY High Mass 11 No Mass at 12:10 or 6:15
- 26. F. Requiem
- 27. Sa. Requiem
- 28. Su. ADVENT I
- 29. M. Requiem
- 30. Tu. SAINT ANDREW THE APOSTLE

1977 Ordo Kalendars \$1.50 (mailing 25¢)

MUSIC FOR NOVEMBER

NOVEMBER 1—ALL SAINTS Missa O quam gloriosum	1) ria 5)
November 2—ALL SOULS Missa pro defunctis	948
NOVEMBER 7—PENTECOST XXII Messe Nr. 2 Franz Josef Haydn (1732-180 Illumina oculos meos Balthasar Resinarius (1480-154 Comedetis carnes Resinari	4)
5:30 p.m. Terry Gutterman, French horn	
NOVEMBER 14—PENTECOST XXIII Mass for four voices	076
5:30 p.m. Jeff Leopold, organ	
NOVEMBER 21—CHRIST THE KING Messe Solennelle Postula a me O sacrum convivium*	970
5:30 p.m. Norman MacNaughton	
NOVEMBER 28—ADVENT I Missa brevis Lennox Berkeley, 19 Ad te, Domine, levavi Orlandus Lassus (1532-159 O sacrum convivium Las	94)
5:30 p.m. The Summit Chorale * Première	

FROM THE PARISH REGISTER BURIAL

"My flesh shall rest in hope."

September 21-Harold E. Pim

ALTAR FLOWER MEMORIALS

November	1-All Saints, Departed members of Saint Mary's Guild
November	7-Pentecost XXII, Maude Wright Gassin
November	14-Pentecost XXIII, Inez Louise Blackshire
November	21-Christ the King, Newbury Frost Read
November	25-Thanksgiving Day, Isaac Bradley Johnson

DIRECTORY

CHURCH OF SAINT MARY THE VIRGIN 139 West 46th Street, New York (East of Times Square, between 6th and 7th Avenues)

> Church open daily from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. except Saturday, open from 11 a.m.

RECTORY 144 West 47th Street, New York The Rev'd Donald L. Garfield, Rector The Rev'd John Paul Boyer PLaza 7-6750

PARISH OFFICE 145 West 46th Street, New York, N.Y. 10036 Office bours from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. Monday-Friday except legal bolidays Laurence Jones PLaza 7-6750

MISSION HOUSE 133 West 46th Street, New York Saint Mary's Center for Senior Citizens Miss Teresa Rogers, Program Director PLaza 7-3962

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Miss Teresa Rogers, Church School	CAnal	8-4263
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Miss Virginia O. Greene, Bookshop	ORegon	3-0159
Mrs Judy Lanham, Sacristan		
Mr Ralph M. Morehead, Funeral Director	. RHinelander	4-2500

The Church of Saint Mary the Virgin depends on the offerings of parishioners and friends. Pledge envelopes may be obtained from the Parish Secretary. Your support is appreciated.